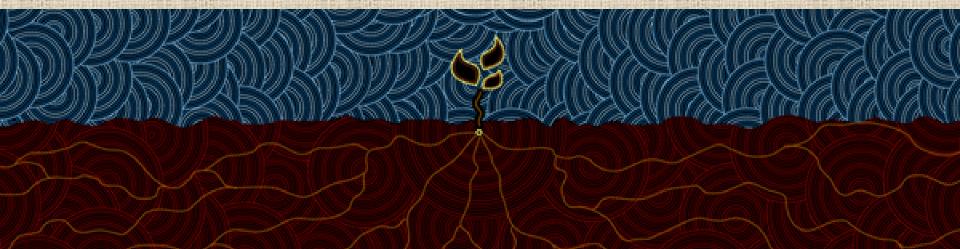


Review of the Native Title Act 1993

Final Report ALRC 126

(Artwork courtesy of Gilimbaa)





Term of reference

- Connection requirements
- Authorisation
- Joinder





Guiding Principle

- The importance of the recognition of native title
- Acknowledging other interests
- Timely and just resolution of claims
- International law
- Supporting sustainable futures



Do connection requirements need reform?

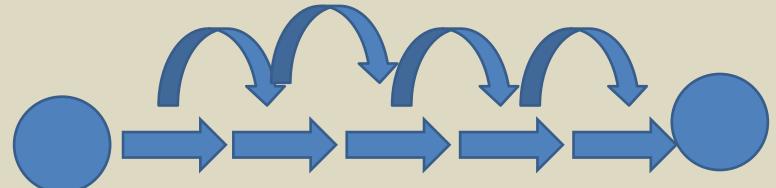
Yes No

 Yorta Yorta, Single Noongar, Larrakia Harshness of YY has been ameliorated by later decisions and state practices

 Scope of rights in consent determinations is limited

Nearly 100 CDs since 2011

Generation by generation



sovereignty

Laws observed substantially uninterrupted

Time of claim



Recommendations

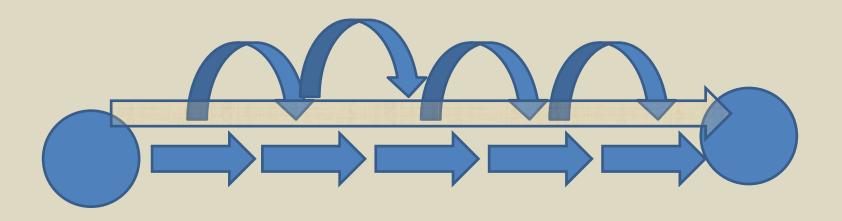
Section 223 of the Native Title Act should be amended to provide that traditional laws and customs may adapt, evolve or otherwise develop





Continuity

Section 223 should be amended to provide that acknowledgment of traditional laws and customs need not have continued substantially uninterrupted since sovereignty—nor is acknowledgement required by each generation



Native Title Act s 223(2)

Without limiting subsection (1), **rights and interests** in that subsection includes hunting, gathering, or fishing, rights and interests.





Commercial purposes

Without limiting subsection (1), native title rights and interests in that subsection:

- (a) may comprise a right that may be exercised for any purpose, including commercial or non-commercial purposes; and
- (b) may include, but are not limited to, hunting, gathering, fishing, and trading rights and interests.





Review of the Native Title Act 1993

Final Report ALRC 126 www.alrc.gov.au

(Artwork courtesy of Gilimbaa)

