conduct and progress are satisfactory. As a compensation for this insecurity in employment you will be paid an additional percentage of the rates paid to an indentured apprentice.

It will be your own responsibility to find, in the trade you have chosen, an employer who will take you on as an apprentice. The minimum age for apprenticeship is 15 years. Very often apprenticeships are advertised in the daily newspapers. You may apply direct to an employer in the hope that he has an apprenticeship vacancy that you can fill. You will find that the officers of your nearest branch of the Commonwealth Employment Service will be pleased to help you, if you approach them.

Apprenticeship Trades

Here is a list of the most common trades, or branches of them, in which you may serve an apprenticeship.

Aircraft electrician

- 5 Aircraft mechanic
- 2 Baker
- 4 Blacksmith
- 4 Boatbuilder
- 4 Boilermaker
- 4 Bookbinder
- 4 Bootmaker
- 3 Boot manufacturer
- 4 Bricklayer
- 3 Bridge and wharf carpenter Brush maker Butcher (retail)
- 5 Cabinetmaker
- 4 Carpenter Carpet layer
- 3 Clicker (footwear)
- 4 Compositor (printing) Confectioner Cook
- 4 Cooper
- 4 Coppersmith
- 4 Coremaker (moulding)
- 4 Cutter (footwear) Cycle manufacturer Dyer and cleaner
- 4 Electrical fitter
- 4 Electrical mechanic
- 4 Electroplater
- 4 Electrotyper Farrier Fitter
- 3 French polisher Gas-meter maker
- 3 Glassworker
- 4 Gravure camera operator
- 5 Ground engineer (aircraft)
- 3 Hairdresser
- 3 Jeweller
- 4 Joiner
- 4 Leather dresser Leathergoods maker
- 4 Letterpress machinist
- 4 Lithographic camera operator

- 4 Lithographic printer Locksmith
- 4 Metal machinist Milliner
- 4 Motor body builder
- 4 Motor mechanic
- 4 Moulder
- 4 Optical mechanic
- 4 Painter and decorator
- 4 Panelbeater
- 4 Paper ruler
- 3 Pastrycook
- 4 Patternmaker
- 3 Plasterer
- 4 Plumber
- Presser (clothing)
- 4 Process engraver
- 4 Radio mechanic
- 4 Refrigeration mechanic Saddlemaker Sailmaker
- 4 Saw doctor Sawmiller
- 4 Scientific instrument maker
- 4 Sheetmetal worker
- 4 Shipwright
- 4 Shoe repairer
- 4 Signwriter
- Slaughterman (retail)
- 4 Stereotyper Stonemason Stovemaker
- 3 Tailor
- 5 Telephone Mechanic (P.M.G.)
- 3 Tiler (floor and wall)
 Tiler (roof)
 Tinsmith
- 4 Turner
 - Typewriter mechanic
- 3 Upholsterer
- 4 Watchmaker
- 4 Welder 5 Wood machinist
- 3 Wood turner



Desmond Williams, an Aborigines Welfare Board bursary holder, now at St. John's College, Woodlawn, is shown the control panel of an Electra jet by a Qantas ground mechanic

The number given in front of a trade represents the number of years necessary to complete the technical college course in that trade.

Training Courses

Training courses in most apprenticeship trades are provided at technical colleges. Admission is restricted to apprentices who are gaining appropriate experience in their daily occupations.

It is compulsory in most trades to attend a technical college course and as an apprentice you would find the additional training very helpful. Instruction is given in theory and practical work and in any drawing, calculations or science necessary to the trade.

In most trades an average of one day a week or fortnight is allowed, without loss of pay, to attend the technical college. Employers under State apprenticeship awards must pay technical college fees, and employers under Federal apprenticeship awards must refund technical college fees paid, upon production of satisfactory term reports regarding conduct.

Pre-apprenticeship courses, suitable for boys who wish to enter an apprenticeship on completion of their schooling, are available at certain technical colleges.

In general a boy must finish his apprenticeship before he reaches the age of 23 so it is necessary for him to become apprenticed at 17 years or younger. By mutual consent of apprentice and employer, it can be arranged for a boy of 18 to have his period of apprenticeship shortened from five to four years.